MENTAL HEALTH MATTERS



disappointed in life?

feeling stressed out?

not having any fun?

feeling worn out?



if your answer is YES, you are not alone

No one has perfect mental health all the time, but ongoing problems can take a real toll on our well-being.

Your mental health can affect many areas of your life:

- Work, school, or home life
- Relationships with others
- Sleep
- Appetite
- Energy levels
- Ability to think clearly or make decisions
- Physical health
- Life satisfaction and more ...

Mental health is just as important to our lives as our physical health

Mental health is not the same thing as the absence of a mental illness. Mental health includes:

- · How you feel about yourself, the world and your life
- Your ability to solve problems and overcome challenges
- Your ability to build relationships with others and contribute to your communities
- Your ability to achieve your goals

Many people take care of their physical health before they feel sick. They may eat well, exercise and try to get enough sleep to help maintain wellness. You can take the same approach to mental health. Just as you may work to keep your body healthy, you can also work to keep your mind healthy.





THOUGHTS

Examples of positive thoughts

- I know I can get through these rough times
- I feel excited about life!
- I know my friends really care about me
- I feel good about the way my life is going these days
- I have some really cool talents and interests
- I want to do something that makes a positive difference
- I'm a good person even though I have some flaws
- · Good things are going to happen to me

Examples of negative thoughts

- It feels like something really bad is going to happen
- Nothing good ever seems to happen to me
- I'm never going to get through this
- My flaws are too big to overcome
- I feel like I'm losing my mind
- I'm ugly and stupid
- They think I'm a loser • Life sucks!

about something has a big impact on your

THOUGHTS

BODY REACTIONS

Examples of body reactions

- Chest pain, shortness of breath or difficulty breathing
- Muscle tension, muscle aches or headaches
- Sexual problems, such as low sex drive
- Aggravation of an existing health problem (e.g., acne, digestive disorders, migraines, chronic pain)
- Upset stomach or nausea
- Lack of appetite or increased appetite
- · Pounding, racing or abnormal heartbeat
- Feeling that you're seperated from things around you
- Urge to urinate or frequent urination
 - Sweating, hot flushes or cold chills
 - Feeling dizzy or light-headed

BODY **REACTIONS**

Upset bowel or diarrhea

4 BASIC DIMENSIONS

of Mental Health and Well-Being

Examples of behaviours

- Exercise
- Avoiding the things that upset you
- Engaging in hobbies or leisure activities
- Isolating yourself and pulling away from friends and family
- Doing things that distract you from your problems, like watching TV or working late
- Working on a solution to a problem one step at a time
- Crying often
- Overeating, not eating enough or purging food (such as vomiting, over-exercising)
- Lashing out at other people (verbally or physically)
- Excessive dependency or clinging to loved ones
- Reaching out to a friend or family member for support and understanding
- Practicing your spiritual activities
- Using alcohol or drugs to make the bad feelings go away
- Doing something relaxing, like taking a bath or practicing yoga

EMOTIONS

Examples of pleasant emotions

- Happiness or joy
- Contentment Sense of calm
- Excitement
- Feeling love or affection
- Feeling cheerful

Examples of unpleasant emotions

- Irritability or anger
- Frustration
- Anxiety or fear
- Sadness or feeling down
- Feeling empty or numb
- Hopelessness

BEHAVIOURS

EMOTIONS

mental health is determined by our overall patterns of thoughts, emotions, behaviours and body reactions

Each of the four mental health dimensions can influence all of the others. Here's an example:



why should mental health matter to you and your family?

When your mental health suffers, it can become hard to enjoy life. You may start to feel run down, both mentally and physically. Many of these changes can make it harder to enjoy a balanced and rewarding life. Everyone can benefit from learning how to enhance and protect their mental health—whether or not they've experienced mental illness or a substance use problem.

where do I go from here?

In addition to see your family doctor, you could also check these resources for more information and help.

Ami Quebec

Visit https://amiquebec.org or call (514) - 486 - 1448 for information and resources regarding mental health or any kind of mental health disorders.

HealthLink QC

Call 811 or visit https://amiquebec.org to access free, non-emergency health information for anyone in your family, including mental health information. Through 811, you can also speak to a registered nurse about symptoms you're worried about, or talk to a pharmacist about medication questions.

Your Local Crisis Line

Crisis lines aren't only for people in crisis. You can call for information on local services or if you just need someone to talk to. If you are in distress, call 1 866 APPELLE or 1 866 277-3553, 24 hours a day to connect to a QC crisis line, without a wait or busy signal. The crisis lines linked in through this number have received advanced training in mental health issues and services.

Suicide Prevention center

For suicide prevention centers in Quebec visit https://suicideprevention.ca/quebec-suicide-prevention-centres

Drugs: Help and Referral (DAR)

For information regarding support and referral to people coping with addiction in Montreal area call 514 - 527 2626 and everywhere in Québec call 1-800 265 2626.

The integrated health and social services centre (CISSS) and the integrated university health and social services centre (CIUSSS):

To find contact information for your family medicine clinic, your CISSS or your CIUSSS, go to Finding a Resource. http://sante.gouv.qc.ca/en/problemes-de-sante/sante-mentale/

The Ordre des psychologues du Québec

To find a psychologists or a psychotherapists who speak different languages, visit the Ordre des psychologues du Québec website. https://www.ordrepsy.gc.ca/

ACCÉSSS

ACCÉSSS (https://accesss.net/) is a provincial group of community organizations whose goal is to represent the interests of ethnocultural communities in health and social services decision- making bodies. It is a non-profit organization (NPO). ACCÉSSS is a meeting place for the community, the health network and the university community. Due to the management philosophy of ACCÉSSS which is to work in consultation with its various partners, as well as the nature of the files treated, ACCÉSSS is more and more involved in the networks of consultation.

Telephone: 1-866-774-1106 (toll-free) and (514)-287-1106 Fax: (514)-287-7443

email: accesss@accesss.net

The Multicultural Mental Health Resource Centre (MMHRC)

For information regarding the availability of mental health services in Quebec or other provinces of Canada visit http://www.multiculturalmentalhealth.ca/ to access information in different languages such as Farsi. This website is working under the supervision of Division of Social and Transcultural Psychiatry of McGill University.

More resources available for getting help or further information on mental health and stress:

- Canadian Mental Health Association
- Mouvement Santé mentale Québec (in French only)
- Association des groupes d'intervention en défense des droits en santé mentale du Québec (in French only)
- Regroupement des ressources alternatives en santé mentale du Québec (in French only)
- Les porte-voix du rétablissement L'association québécoise des personnes vivant (ou ayant vécu) un trouble mental (in French only)
- Association des médecins psychiatres du Québec
- Visit http://www.healthlinkbc.ca/ for a stress journal to track stressors and how you respond to them.
- Maté, G. (2004). When the Body Says No: The Cost of Hidden Stress. Toronto: Vintage Canada.
- Paterson, R. J. (2000). The Assertiveness Workbook: How to Express Your Ideas and Stand Up for Yourself at Work and in Relationships.
- Oakland, CA: New Harbinger Publications.
- BC Partners for Mental Health and Addictions. (2009). Learn About...Stress [fact sheet]. Vancouver, BC: Author.
- http://www.heretohelp.bc.ca/publications/factsheets/stress
- Centre for Addiction and Mental Health. (2010). Info on Stress. Toronto, ON: Author.
- http://www.camh.net/About_Addiction_Mental_Health/AMH101/info_stress.htm Ipsos- For information regarding the availability of mental health services Quebec or other provinces of Canada visit http://www.multiculturalmentalhealth.ca/ to access information in different languages such as Farsi. This website is working under the supervision of Division of Reid. (2002). Canadians and Stress: A Special Report. Toronto, ON; Author. http://www.ipsos-reid.com/search/pdf/ media/mr020919-1.pdf Statistics Canada. (2010). Perceived life stress 2008. Ottawa, ON: Author. http://www.statcan. gc.ca/pub/82-625-x/2010001/article/11108-eng.htm

what is your wellness level?

Read each statement and circle the response that best reflects how you have been feeling during the past month. Add up your circled responses to find out your total wellness score.	Never	Rarely	Half the time	Often	Almost
I felt self-confident	1	2	3	4	5
I felt satisfied with what I was able to accomplish—I felt proud of myself	1	2	3	4	5
I was a 'go-getter'—I took on lots of projects	1	2	3	4	5
I felt loved and appreciated	1	2	3	4	5
I had goals and ambitions	1	2	3	4	5
I felt like having fun, participating in sports and all my favourite activities and hobbies	1	2	3	4	5
I felt useful	1	2	3	4	5
I smiled easily	1	2	3	4	5
I was true to myself	1	2	3	4	5
I did a good job of listening to my friends	1	2	3	4	5
I was curious and interested in all sorts of things	1	2	3	4	5
I was able to clearly sort things out when faced with complicated situations	1	2	3	4	5
I found life exciting and I wanted to enjoy every moment of it	1	2	3	4	5
My life was well-balanced between my family, personal and professional activities	1	2	3	4	5
I was quite calm and level-headed	1	2	3	4	5
I was able to easily find answers to my problems	1	2	3	4	5
I got along well with everyone around me	1	2	3	4	5
I lived at a normal pace, not doing everything excessively	1	2	3	4	5
I had the impression of really enjoying life	1	2	3	4	5
I had a good sense of humour, easily making my friends laugh	1	2	3	4	5
I felt good, at peace with myself	1	2	3	4	5
I felt healthy and in good shape	1	2	3	4	5
I was able to face difficult situations in a positive way	1	2	3	4	5
My morale was good	1	2	3	4	5
MY TOTAL WELLNESS SCORE (add up all circled items) ÷ 125 =	-	+ -	+ -		+

What does my score mean?

Your score reflects the degree of balance you have across the different areas in your life, how well you are coping, and how good you feel about things. These are all important aspects of wellness and mental health. There is no magic score that guarantees perfect wellness, so we have not included any guidelines on "high" or "low" scores and what they mean. Instead, we recommend using this self-test to track your own wellness status over time.

If you are actively working on ways to improve your health, your score will probably go up over time. Increases usually mean that you are feeling better about things and feeling like you can cope with life's challenges while still finding time for fun. If you are experiencing stress or

changes in your overall health, your score may go down for a period of time. Decreases usually mean that it is harder to feel good about things and that you are struggling to find a sense of balance. Decreases in scores can be an important sign that you need to take action to make things better for yourself. Most people experience ups and downs in their wellness scores over time. To track your own wellness and general mental health over time, we recommend taking this test once a month.

(Adapted from Massé, R., Poulin, C., Lambert, J., & Dassa, C. (1998). Élaboration et validation d'un outil de mesure du bien-être psychologique au Québec. Revue canadienne de santé publique, 89(5), 352-357).